## **Home Office Guidelines**

If you use a room in your home exclusively for a place to conduct business, you may be able to deduct that portion of your home as a home office expense on your income tax return. Save utility bills, receipts for mortgage payments, mortgage interest, real estate tax, office equipment, and vehicle records if the vehicle is used for business.

## Safe Deposit Box Guidelines

Every household should invest in a safe deposit box to store important documents. Among the most common ways people lose important documents are fire, burglary and natural disasters as well as simply not organizing and keeping papers together in one place. Storing items in a dresser drawer, a closet, or worse yet, not in any particular place, is inviting trouble. Your immediate family should know where your papers are located in the unfortunate circumstance that something would happen to you. Your family should know the name of your attorney and accountant. Write down that information as well as at what banks you have accounts, account numbers, prepaid funeral arrangements, etc., and place it into a sealed envelope inside your safe deposit box. Be sure to let a trusted family member or friend know that you do have a safe deposit box, and where you keep the keys. They will not be able to access your safe deposit box without your permission or without a power of attorney document that you have prepared in advance giving them permission to do so.

Mortgage papers, deeds, wills, trusts, birth, marriage, and death certificates, advanced directives for medical care, stock certificates, cancelled checks for major purchases, vehicle purchase receipts, passport, copies of investment account statements, court decrees, etc., are examples of documents to include in a safe deposit box.

> ABELES AND HOFFMAN P.C.

Record Retention Guidelines – Individuals		
Accident reports and claims (settled cases)	7 years	
Audit reports of accountants	Permanently	
Bank statements	7 years	
Bank deposit slips	l year	
Bank reconciliations	l year	
Checks (cancelled, but see exception below)	7 years	
Checks (cancelled, for important payments, i.e., taxes, purchases of property, special contracts, etc. (checks should be filed with the papers pertaining to the underlying transaction))	Permanently	
Contracts and leases (expired)	7 years	
Correspondence (legal and important matters only)	Permanently	
Deeds, mortgages, and bills of sale	Permanently	
Insurance policies (expired)	10 year	
Insurance records, current accident reports, claims, policies, etc.	Permanently	
Investment account statements	Permanently	
Property appraisals by outside appraisers	Permanently	
Property records, blueprints and plans, deeds, mortgages, remodeling/renovation records.	Permanently	
Safety deposit box record storage, include documents such as birth, marriage and death certificates, wills, stock certificates, advanced medical directives, deeds, passport, (check with your accountant and attorney if you have questions)	Permanently	
Sales receipts for major purchases (car, appliances, furniture, etc.) after disposition of the asset	7 years	
Savings bond registration records	3 year	
Stock and bond certificates (cancelled)	Permanently	
Stock and bond certificates (current)	Permanently	
Tax returns and worksheets, revenue agents' reports and other documents relating to determination of income tax liability, including W-2s, 1099s, estimated payment vouchers, K-1s, charitable giving receipts.	Permanently	
Utility bill receipts (save permanently with tax returns if you take a deduction for home office)	l year	

Record Retention Guidelines – Business				
Accident reports and claims (settled cases)	7 years	Inventories of products, materials, and supplies	7 years	
Accounts payable ledgers and schedules	7 years	Invoices to customers	7 years	
Accounts receivable ledgers and schedules, deposit books and slips, credit files, authorization, collection file	7 years	Invoices from vendors	7 years	
Acquisition documents (after disposition)	7 years	Journals	Permanently	
Audit reports of accountants	Permanently	Minute books for directors and stockholders, including by-laws and charters	Permanently	
Bank statements	7 years	Notes receivable ledgers and schedules	7 years	
Bank reconciliations	l year	Option records (expired)	7 years	
Capital stock and bond records, ledgers, transfer registers, stubs showing issues, record of interest coupons, options, etc.	7 years	Personnel records: payroll, time reports, benefits, withholding tax records, contracts, insurance, disability and sick benefits, payments to pensioners, etc. (after termination)	7 years	
Cash books	Permanently	Petty cash vouchers	3 years	
Charts of accounts	Permanently	Physical inventory tags	3 years	
Checks (cancelled, but see exception below)	7 years	Property appraisals by outside appraisers	Permanently	
Checks (cancelled, for important payments, i.e., taxes, purchases of property, special contracts, etc. (checks should be filed with the papers pertaining to the underlying transaction))	Permanently	Property records–including costs, depreciation reserves, end-of-year trial balances, depreciation schedules, blueprints and plans	Permanently	
Contracts and leases (after expiration)	7 years	Purchase orders & purchase requisitions, quotations, acknowledgements (except purchasing department copy)	3 years	
Corporate charter, by-laws, minute books	Permanently	Purchase orders (purchasing department copy)	7 years	
Correspondence (general)	3 year	Receiving sheets	3 years	
Correspondence (legal and important matters only)	Permanently	Requisitions	3 years	
Deeds, mortgages, and bills of sale	Permanently	Sales records and reports, customer correspondence, customer orders	7 years	
Depreciation schedules	Permanently	Savings bond registration records of employees	3 years	
Deposit slips, duplicate deposit slips	7 years	Scrap and salvage records (inventories, sales, etc.)	7 years	
Employment applications (if individual becomes an employee, this becomes a part of employee's permanent record)	3 year	Shipping reports, bills of lading, receiving reports, inspection reports	3 years	
Expense analyses and expense distribution schedules	7 years	Stenographer's notebooks	7 years	
Expense reports	7 years	Stock and bond certificates (cancelled)	Permanently	
Financial statements (end-of-year, other months optional)	Permanently	Stockroom withdrawal forms	l year	
General and private ledgers (and end-of-year trial balances)	Permanently	Subsidiary ledgers (including A/P and A/R ledgers)	7 years	
Insurance policies (after expiration)	10 years	Tax returns and worksheets, revenue agents' reports and other documents relating to determination of income tax liability	Permanently	
Insurance records, current accident reports, fire inspection reports, safety reports, etc.	7 years	Trade mark registrations and copyrights	Permanently	
Internal audit reports (in some situations, longer retention periods may be desirable)	3 years	Voucher register and schedules	7 years	
Internal reports (miscellaneous)	3 years	Vouchers for payments to vendors, employees, etc., (includes allowances and reimbursement of employees, officers, etc. for travel and entertainment expenses)	7 years	